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10/568,622	08/14/2006	Norikazu Takashima	5183-0102PUS1	2867
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EXAMINER				
CHOW, CHIH CHING				
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

mailroom@bskb.com

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/568,622

Applicant(s)

TAKASHIMA ET AL.

Examiner

CHIH-CHING CHOW

Art Unit

2191

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 February 2006.
2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are rejected.
7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 16 February 2006 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) ☐ Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-850)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/16/06, 3/13/07, 9/21/07, 2/13/09
4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is responsive to the application filed on August 14, 2006.
2. The priority date considered for this application is August 20, 2003, which is the filing date of the International Patent Application, Japan 2003-296761.
3. Claims 1-30 have been examined.

Double Patenting

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

5. Claims 1-6 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-6 of copending Application No.10/568,504. Although the conflicting claims are not

identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other, from the comparison listed in the following table:

Current Application (10/568,622) US 20070168912A1	Co-Application (10/568,504) US 2007/0168911A1
Claim 1:	Claim 1:
A program creating system comprising:	A program creating system comprising: a screen information storing unit which holds screen information that forms an input screen of a parameter to create a first program that realizes a predetermined process; a providing unit which provides said screen information to a setting apparatus connected through a network;
an accepting unit which accepts an input of a parameter to create a program to realize a predetermined process;	an accepting unit which accepts the parameter input on the input screen displayed on the basis of said screen information from said setting apparatus through said network;
a producing unit which dynamically produces a source code of said program on the basis of said parameter;	a producing unit which dynamically produces a source code of said first program on the basis of said parameter;
a compiling unit which compiles said source code to create a program which can be executed by a predetermined terminal device; and	a compiling unit which compiles said source code to create said first program that can be executed by a predetermined terminal device; and
an instructing unit which detects that said source code is produced to instruct said compiling unit to compile the source code.	an instructing unit which detects that said source code is produced to instruct said compiling unit to compile the source code.
Claim 2:	Claim 2:

<p>The program creating system as set forth in claim 1, further comprising a checking unit which checks whether or not the data size of said program is smaller than a predetermined size to make it possible to provide said program to said terminal device when the data size of said program is smaller than a predetermined size.</p>	<p>The program creating system as set forth in claim 1, further comprising a checking unit which checks whether or not the data size of said first program is smaller than a predetermined size to make it possible to provide said first program to said terminal device when the data size of said first program is smaller than a predetermined size.</p>
<p>Claim 3:</p>	<p>Claim 3:</p>
<p>The program creating system as set forth in claim 2, further comprising a notifying unit which performs notification to urge reduction of the number of said parameters when the data size of said program is larger than said predetermined size.</p>	<p>The program creating system as set forth in claim 2, further comprising a notifying unit which performs notification to urge said setting apparatus to reduce the number of said parameters when the data size of said first program is larger than said predetermined size.</p>
<p>Claim 4:</p>	<p>Claim 4:</p>
<p>The program creating system as set forth in claim 2, wherein said predetermined size is set for each terminal device which uses said program.</p>	<p>The program creating system as set forth in claim 2, wherein said predetermined size is set for each terminal device which uses said first program.</p>
<p>Claim 5:</p>	<p>Claim 5:</p>
<p>The program creating system as set forth in claim 2, further comprising: a storing unit which stores a program checked by said checking unit; and a providing unit which provides the program stored in said storing unit to said terminal device, wherein said checking unit stores, when the data size of the program created by said producing unit is smaller than the predetermined size, the program in said storing unit.</p>	<p>The program creating system as set forth in claim 2, further comprising: a first program storing unit which stores a first program checked by said checking unit; and a providing unit which provides the first program stored in said storing unit to said terminal device, wherein said checking unit stores, when the data size of the first program created by said producing unit is smaller than the predetermined size, the first program in said storing unit.</p>

Claim 6:	Claim 6:
The program creating system as set forth in claim 2, further comprising a limiting unit which limits the number of said parameters such that the data size of said program becomes smaller than said predetermined size.	The program creating system as set forth in claim 1, further comprising a second program storing unit which holds a second program that causes said setting apparatus to form a limiting unit that limits the number of said parameters such that the size of said first program becomes smaller than said predetermined size, wherein said providing unit provides said second program to said setting apparatus together with said screen information.

Claims 1-6 of current application is anticipated by co-application claims 1-6 in that co-application claims 1-6 contain all the limitations of the current application claims 1-6. Claims 1-6 of the current application therefore is not patentably distinct from co-application claim 1-6 and as such is unpatentable for obvious-type double patenting.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Specification

6. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: For all the ‘research’ content’, ‘research data’, ‘research item’, ‘researching system’ recite throughout the entire application, does it really mean ‘search’? The terminal device is capable to accept user input and do ‘search’ through a network? If the applicants really mean ‘research’ throughout the entire application, please explain

what kind of research program is the invention creating? Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections – 35 USC § 101

7. 35 U.S.C. § 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the condition and requirements of this title.

8. Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claim 1 merely recites a software part comprising accepting unit, producing unit, compiling unit, and instruction unit, i.e., computer program per se. See Warmerdam, 33 F.2d at 1361, 31 USPQ 2d at 1760. In re Sarkar, 588 F.2d 1330, 1333, 200 USPQ 132, 137 (CCPA 178). See MPEP §2106 (IV)(B)(1)(a).

On this basis, claim rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 101.

9. Regarding claims 2-18, each of these claims is rejected based on its dependency to independent claim 1, and do not cure the deficiency of claim 1. The deficiency can be fixed by adding a processor or a storage to the system claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

10. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

11. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 6 recites “The program creating system as set forth in claim 2, further comprising a limiting unit which limits the

number of said parameters such that the data size of said program becomes smaller than said predetermined size.”; the related description in paragraph [0012], “The system may further include a limiting unit which limits the number of parameters such that the data size of a program is smaller than the predetermined size. In this manner, since the number of parameters can be regulated in a step prior to production of a source code, a program can be effectively created.” And paragraphs “[0016] The limiting unit may compare the number of parameters accepted by the accepting unit with a predetermined number to determine whether or not the number of parameters must be reduced.

[0017] When the number of parameters accepted by the accepting unit is larger than the predetermined number, the limiting unit may determine that the number of parameters must be reduced.

[0018] When the number of parameters must be reduced, the limiting unit may notify a notifying unit that notification is performed.”

– It’s not clear to the Examiner how does the limiting unit limit the number of the input parameters? Does it cut or eliminate some of the parameters that the user has entered? How does the system determine which parameters to be eliminated without impacting the program creating function? Does the notifying unit generate notification/warning to the user?

12. Claims 7-12 depend on claim 6, they are rejected under 35 USC § 112 (2) for the same reason.

13. Claim 22 recites the limitation “*said character information for each research item.*” where in ‘character information’ was never mentioned previously. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

14. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

15. Claims 1-2, 5, 16-17, 19-21, 23-24, 27-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by US 2003/0149958 A1, by Baluja et al., hereinafter “Baluja”.

As per claim 1, Baluja discloses:

- *A program creating system comprising: an accepting unit which accepts an input of a parameter to create a program to realize a predetermined process;*

Baluja teaches a program creating system comprising an accepting unit, see Baluja's paragraph [0005], “a method of **automated code generation** includes identifying an event related to the execution of an application, **generating code related to the event using an automated process**, and integrating the code into the application.” Also see Fig. 2 and description in paragraph [0026], “FIG. 2 the service carrier 105 **accepts the requests for data** (*an accepting unit to accept an input of a parameter*) and provides replies.” FIG. 4A and description in paragraph [0047], “The **parameters** of an event can be defined and the logging code to accommodate the recordation of that particular event defined.” Further, Figures 6A and 6B; and description in paragraphs [0077] and [0078]. And claim 14, “The method of claim 1 wherein **the code generation** comprises generating a function, and **customizing the function based on a parameter using the automated process**”.

- *a producing unit which dynamically produces a source code of said program on the basis of said parameter;*

See Baluja's FIG. 4A and description in paragraph [0047], "The **parameters** of an event can be defined and the logging code to accommodate the recordation of that particular event defined." And claim 14, "The method of claim 1 wherein the code generation comprises generating a function, and **customizing the function based on a parameter using the automated process**".

- *a compiling unit which compiles said source code to create a program which can be executed by a predetermined terminal device; and*

See Baluja's paragraph [0003], "in **portable communication devices**, such as cellular phones, an increasing number of applications that include wireless data are being developed and used." – a predetermined terminal device; also see paragraph [0078], "If the application developer is developing the application in a compiled or assembled language, then, once the target code has been inserted into the application, **the application developer can compile** or assemble the application as illustrated in block 633." And claim 12, "The method of claim 1 further comprising **compiling**, linking or calling the application with the code integrated therein".

- *an instructing unit which detects that said source code is produced to instruct said compiling unit to compile the source code.*

See Baluja's Fig. 6 B and description in paragraph [0078], "Once the code provider receives the language of **the target application and the event to be monitored** the code provider may **generate the code to monitor the event**. ... Once the application developer has received the requisite target code the application developer can include it in the application program as illustrated in block 631. If the application developer is developing the application in a compiled or assembled

language, then, once the target code has been inserted into the application, the application developer can **compile** or assemble the application as illustrated in block 633.” -- the monitor has the similar function as an instructing unit, which detects source code that needs to be compiled.

As per claim 2, Baluja discloses:

- *The program creating system as set forth in claim 1, further comprising a checking unit which checks whether or not the data size of said program is smaller than a predetermined size to make it possible to provide said program to said terminal device when the data size of said program is smaller than a predetermined size.*

The rejection of claim 1 is incorporated; further see Baluja’s paragraph [0003], “Additionally, because more storage area is becoming available, **the size of such applications also tends to increase** as does the number of features available for each application.”— Paragraphs [0003] and [0004] reveal a potential memory size problem, in paragraph [0044], “each application would only need contained calls to the proper API (application programming interface) in order to log the data event. To the extent the APIs reside in the operating system or application execution environment, **the size of each application's code can be reduced.**” And paragraph [0050], “it is likely that sharing portions of the log code among the events, which will be logged in an application, **will result in a saving of application size.** Similarly instead of each application having its own log code, the shared log code 417 may accomplish the same purpose as shown in FIG. 4B.”— both paragraphs [0044] and [0050] teaches the ways to fix the potential size problem, and it also teaches checking whether the newly generated source code

will fit in the terminal device's memory, which implies a need to know a predetermined memory size for the terminal device.

As per claim 5, Baluja discloses:

- *The program creating system as set forth in claim 2, further comprising: a storing unit which stores a program checked by said checking unit; and*

The rejection of claim 2 is incorporated; further see Baluja's paragraph [0040], "The application developer only needs to specify its use of the common resources and the language it will be using, for example saying to the code provider Because the application developer only provides the code provider with requests for code that uses common resources, **the application developer is free to keep the rest of their code proprietary** (*storage*) and secret, and yet know that it will function without interference from or interfering with other applications that use the same resources." And paragraph [0048], "The queue may be a dynamic type queue so that it does not permanently impact the amount of **storage** available overall." – a storing unit which stores a program is available.

- *a providing unit which provides the program stored in said storing unit to said terminal device, wherein said checking unit stores, when the data size of the program created by said producing unit is smaller than the predetermined size, the program in said storing unit.*

See rejection above, the program stored in the storage unit is provided to the terminal device.

As per claim 16, Baluja discloses:

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 1, further comprising a display process unit which displays an input screen of said parameter on a display unit, wherein said accepting unit accepts a parameter input through said input screen.

The rejection of claim 1 is incorporated; Baluja's disclosure applies mobile phones, a mobile phone has to have a display/screen for user to enter input parameters, and the input parameters will be accepted/processed by the mobile phone.

As per claim 17, Baluja discloses:

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 16, wherein said program causes said terminal device to realize a function that forms an input interface to input research data for a predetermined research content and transmits the research data input through said input interface to a collecting device through a network, and the input screen is formed to accept a plurality of research items as said research content and options for an answer to the research items.

The rejection of claim 16 is incorporated; further see Baluja's paragraph [0041], "Because each cellular telephone could maintain its own data log, the need for some of the processing of the data log **searching through the data log 205** at the service carrier 105 for data related to one user may be mitigated."

As per claim 19, Baluja discloses:

- A program creating system comprising: a first storing unit which holds a first program code that can be universally used;

See Baluja's paragraph [0040], "The application developer only needs to specify its **use of the common resources** (*universally used code*) and the language it will be using, for example saying to the code provider "I wish to store usage data, related to a number of events in my application, in the data log 307 in the cellular telephone 101, and I want you (the code developer) to handle everything from synchronizing with other applications and delivering the data to the main data gathering repository. My

program is written in C. Because the application developer only provides the code provider with requests for code that uses common resources, the application developer is free to keep the rest of their code proprietary and secret, and yet know that it will function without interference from or interfering with other applications that use the same resources."

- *a second storing unit which holds a second program code constituted by combining said first program code to create a predetermined program; an accepting unit which accepts parameters required to create said program; a producing unit which produces a source code of said program by rewriting a part of said second program code on the basis of the accepted parameters; a compiling unit which compiles said source code to create a program which can be executed by a predetermined terminal device; and an instructing unit which detects that said source code is produced to instruct said compiling unit to compile the source code.*

For storing unit see claim 5 rejection; for an accepting unit, a producing unit, a compiling unit, and an instructing unit features see claim 1 rejection.

As per claim 20, Baluja discloses:

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 19, further comprising a checking unit which checks that the data size of said program is smaller than a predetermined size and which makes it possible to provide the program to said terminal device when the data size of said program is smaller than the predetermined size.

The rejection of claim 19 is incorporated; further see claim 2 rejection.

As per claim 21, Baluja discloses:

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 19, wherein said program forms an input interface to input research data for a predetermined research content to realize a function that transmits the research data input through said input interface to a server through a network, and said second program code includes a program code to form said input interface.

The rejection of claim 19 is incorporated; further see claim 17 rejection.

As per claim 23, Baluja discloses:

- A program creating program causing a computer to realize: an accepting unit which accepts an input of a parameter to create a program to realize a predetermined process; a producing unit which dynamically produces a source code of said program on the basis of said parameter; a compiling unit which compiles said source code to create a program which can be executed by a predetermined terminal device; and an instructing unit which detects that said source code is produced to instruct said compiling unit to compile the source code.

Claim 23 is a computer implemented program creating program version of claim 1, therefore see claim 1 rejection.

As per claim 24, Baluja discloses:

- The program creating program as set forth in claim 23, further causing a computer to realize a checking unit which checks that the data size of said program is smaller than a predetermined size to make it possible to provide the program when the data size of said program is smaller than a predetermined size.

The rejection of claim 23 is incorporated; Claim 24 is a computer implemented program creating program version of claim 2, therefore see claim 2 rejection.

As per claim 27, Baluja discloses:

- A program creating module causing a computer to realize: an accepting unit which accepts an input of a parameter to create a program to realize a predetermined process; a producing unit which dynamically produces a source code of said program on the basis of said parameter; a compiling unit which compiles said source code to create a program which can be executed by a predetermined terminal device; and an instructing unit which detects that said source code is produced to instruct said compiling unit to compile the source code.

Claim 27 is a computer implemented program creating module version of claim 1, therefore see claim 1 rejection.

As per claim 28, Baluja discloses:

- The program creating module as set forth in claim 27, further causing a computer to realize a checking unit which checks that the data size of said program is smaller than a predetermined size to make it possible to provide the program when the data size of said program is smaller than a predetermined size.

The rejection of claim 27 is incorporated; Claim 28 is a computer implemented program creating module version of claim 2, therefore see claim 2 rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

16. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

17. Claims 3-4, 6-15, 18, 22, 25-26, 29-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 2003/0149958 A1, by Baluja et al., hereinafter “Baluja”, in view of US 2004/0181777, by Fam, hereinafter “Fam”.

As per claim 3,

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 2, further comprising a notifying unit which performs notification to urge reduction of the number of said parameters when the data size of said program is larger than said predetermined size.

The rejection of claim 2 is incorporated; Baluja teaches a program creating system with a checking unit to check the size of the program but he does not teach 'a notifying unit which performs notification to urge reduction of the number of parameters' specifically, however, Fam teaches it in an analogous prior art; see Fam's Fig. 3 and description paragraph [0025], **"If a particular parameter is not used in a particular device, the parameter is excluded from the parameter set or included with a null value. The uniform data format universally stipulates parameter indices for parameter locations within the executable code 20, data formats, and data lengths to ensure compatibility for all parameters used"**; paragraph [0022], **"The mass storage device 12 further includes a compatibility rule file 28 correlating each of the electronic devices 40, 42, and 44 to be programmed with parameter sets 22, 24, and 26"**; and paragraph [0026], **"a master parameter set 60 and filters 62a and 62b (two shown for example) can be stored in the mass storage device 12. The master parameter set 60 contains all parameters for all supported electronic devices 40, 42, 44, as well as others and all usable values of these parameters."**—Fam's disclosure needs to check the number of parameters entered and their types, if any of them does not comply with the rule, it's obvious to the people in the art, the system will notify the user. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to supplement Baluja's disclosure of a program creating system by using notifying unit to urge reduction of the number of parameters taught by Fam. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to ensure compatibility for all parameters used (Fam's paragraph [0025]).

As per claim 4,

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 2, wherein said predetermined size is set for each terminal device which uses said program.

The rejection of claim 2 is incorporated; further see claim 3 rejection, a predetermined size (master parameter set) is set for the application code.

As per claim 6,

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 2, further comprising a limiting unit which limits the number of said parameters such that the data size of said program becomes smaller than said predetermined size.

The rejection of claim 2 is incorporated; further see claim 3 rejection, Fam's disclosure has the function similar to a limiting unit, which checks whether the input number of parameters comply with the predetermined number of parameters (master parameter set) .

As per claim 7,

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 6, wherein said producing unit produces said source code including a program code to form a component serving as an input interface on the basis of said parameters, the parameters are grouped for each component, and said limiting unit limits the number of said parameters in units of groups.

The rejection of claim 6 is incorporated; further see Fam's Fig. 3 and description in paragraph [0025], "The parameter sets 22, 24, and 26 are established following a uniform data format, and each parameter set 22, 24, and 26 includes parameter

values relevant to the respective device 40, 42, 44”; wherein each of the parameters are grouped for each device (*component*).

As per claim 8,

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 6, wherein said limiting unit predicts the data size of a program to be created depending on the parameters accepted by said accepting unit to determine whether or not the number of said parameters must be reduced.

The rejection of claim 6 is incorporated; further see claim 3 rejection, Fam’s disclosure has the function similar to a limiting unit, which checks (*predicts*) whether the input number of parameters complies with the master parameter set.

As per claim 9,

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 8, wherein when the data size of said predicted program is larger than said predetermined size, said limiting unit determines that the number of said parameters must be reduced.

The rejection of claim 8 is incorporated; further see claim 3 rejection, Fam’s disclosure has the function similar to a limiting unit, which checks (*predicts*) whether the input number of parameters will cause the program size to hit the limit of the resource usage. – Fam’s teaching has to limit the number of said parameters to said predetermined size.

As per claim 10,

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 6, wherein said limiting unit compares the number of parameters accepted by said accepting unit with a

predetermined number to determine whether or not the number of said parameters must be reduced.

The rejection of claim 6 is incorporated; further see claim 3 rejection, Fam's disclosure checks the input parameter's number and data types, whether they meet the master parameter set, and **data lengths to ensure compatibility for all parameters used.**

As per claim 11,

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 10, wherein when the number of parameters accepted by said accepting unit is larger than said predetermined number, said limiting unit determines that the number of said parameters must be reduced.

The rejection of claim 10 is incorporated; further see claim 3 rejection.

As per claim 12,

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 8, wherein when the number of said parameters must be reduced, said limiting unit instructs said notifying unit to perform said notification.

The rejection of claim 8 is incorporated; further see claim 3 rejection.

As per claim 13,

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 1, wherein said parameters include information which designates whether or not a predetermined function of said terminal device is used, and said producing unit produces a source code including a program code to use said predetermined function being designated.

The rejection of claim 1 is incorporated; further see Fam's paragraph [0026], "The master parameter set 60 contains **all parameters for all supported electronic devices** 40, 42, 44, as well as others and all usable values of these parameters. The filters 62a, 62b correspond to mobile phones 40, 42 respectively. The processor 14 is capable of **applying each filter** 62a, 62b to generate the parameter sets 22, 24, and further **merging the parameter sets 22, 24 with the executable code 20 to generate the corresponding program image files** 40p, 42p." – producing a source code including a program code to use said predetermined function being designated.

As per claim 14,

- *The program creating system as set forth in claim 13, wherein when said parameters include information which designates that a position information acquiring function of said terminal device is used, said producing unit produces said source code including a program code to use said position information acquiring function.*

The rejection of claim 13 is incorporated; further claim 13, Baluja's disclosure applies to cell phones, it's well known to the skilled people in the art at the time of the invention was made to include GPS function in a cell phone (cell phone navigation).

As per claim 15,

- *The program creating system as set forth in claim 13, wherein when said parameters include information which designates that a photographing function of said terminal device is used, said producing unit produces said source code including a program code to use said photographing function.*

The rejection of claim 13 is incorporated; Baluja's disclosure applies to cell phones, it's well known to the skilled people in the art at the time of the invention was made to include photographing function in a cell phone (cell phone camera).

As per claim 18, Baluja discloses:

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 17, wherein said accepting unit accepts parameters grouped for each of said research items, and when said limiting unit determines that the number of said parameters must be reduced, said notifying unit performs notification to urge reduction of the number of said research items.

The rejection of claim 17 is incorporated; further see claim 3 rejection.

As per claim 22, Baluja discloses:

- The program creating system as set forth in claim 21, wherein said research content includes a plurality of research items, said parameters include said character information for each research item, and said producing unit loads said second program code from said second storing unit for each research item, incorporates said second program code in said source code, and replaces a part of the program code of the incorporated second program code with the character information included in said parameters.

The rejection of claim 21 is incorporated; Baluja teaches a program creating system with a checking unit to check the size of the program but he does not teach 'replaces a part of the program code of the incorporated second program code' specifically, however, Fam teaches it in an analogous prior art; see Fam's paragraphs, "[0038] As described above, the computer system 10 can be used to

program or update a portable electronic device by first loading the executable 20 subsequently loading the appropriate parameter set upon verification of the code already present in the electronic device. According to the present invention, the above process is augmented by the uniform data format such that **any compatible device can be loaded with the universal executable 20 and further configured with an appropriate parameter set.**

[0039] In contrast to the prior art, the present invention is capable of **loading a universal executable code into a group of different portable electronic devices, and loading a specific parameter set to each of the electronic devices to form operational code for each device.**” – the universal executables are the universally used source code, the specific parameter set as the second program code.”

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to supplement Baluja’s disclosure of a program creating system by using universal source code supplemented by incorporate parameter information taught by Fam. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to load a specific parameter set to each of the electronic devices to form operational code for each device (Fam’s paragraph [0039]).

As per claim 25, Baluja discloses:

- The program creating program as set forth in claim 24, further causing a computer to realize a notifying unit which performs notification to urge reduction of the number of said parameters when the data size of said program is larger than a predetermined size.

The rejection of claim 24 is incorporated; Claim 25 is a computer implemented program version of claim 3, therefore see claim 3 rejection.

As per claim 26, Baluja discloses:

- ***The program creating program as set forth in claim 24, wherein said predetermined size is set for each terminal device.***

The rejection of claim 24 is incorporated; claim 26 is a computer implemented program version of claim 4, therefore see claim 4 rejection.

As per claim 29, Baluja discloses:

- ***The program creating module as set forth in claim 28, further causing a computer to realize a notifying unit which performs notification to urge reduction of the number of said parameters when the data size of said program is larger than a predetermined size.***

The rejection of claim 28 is incorporated; claim 29 is a computer implemented program creating module version of claim 3, therefore see claim 3 rejection.

As per claim 30, Baluja discloses:

- ***The program creating module as set forth in claim 28, wherein said predetermined size is set for each terminal device.***

The rejection of claim 28 is incorporated; claim 30 is a computer implemented program creating module version of claim 4, therefore see claim 4 rejection..

Conclusion

18. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Lo, US Patent No. 7,257,620, discloses a method and system for generating programming code and/or configuration data for programmable controller and the networks on which they operate is disclosed. In one embodiment, programming code is generated on a centralized server having a web-enabled engineering tool. The engineering tool operates on client devices that are in communication with the server over a network, such as the Internet. Preferably, the engineering tool runs in a browser application (or other network-interfacing-application) on the client device and a user generates the programming code on the server with the aid of the client device.

Chong et al., US Patent No. 7,152,229, discloses a workflow code generator for generating executable code for multi-channel and/or multi-modal applications. The code generator may include a parser for reading application input files and creating internal representations of declarative statements within the input files. The code generator may further include a model analyzer, which processes the internal model to detect errors, perform optimization, and prepare for outputting the result. The code generator uses a symbol or mapping table for storing references to resources that have been used by the input application. The code generator assigns code fragments to object patterns, resolves data object references by referring to mapping table, and traverses the objects and emits code assigned to the objects.

Freeman, US Patent No. 5,937,188, discloses an apparatus that generates a sequence of code instructions for execution by a programmable processor to solve

a problem. It includes generating a sequence of variable value data corresponding to postulate solutions to such problem; testing the postulate solution data in a relationship to determine whether or not they correspond to the solution to the problem; and, in the event that the test cannot be logically evaluated, storing data defining a decision forming part of the sequence of instruction codes, and generating a plurality of branches of the sequence to be performed depending upon the results of the decision including more than one possible branch from the decision to be taken in the event of the same outcome of the decision, and for selecting one of the branches.

Chupa et al., US 2004/0205696, discloses an invention which provides a dictionary, which may be modified by a developer, that provides a mapping of the generation routine to be performed and a pointer or identifier of the generator employed for the specified generation routine. As will be appreciated, embodiments of the invention may employ a dictionary which comprises a plurality of generation routine-code generator identity data pairs. A generator routine may be, for example, associated with the generation of source code associated with a particular object class, fields, methods, method bodies, procedures, comments, subroutines and the like. By modifying a generation routine-code generator identity data pair in a generator dictionary, a developer or user is able to modify the source code (e.g., the structure and/or content of the source) which is ultimately generated by the generator.

Frey et al., US 2003/0135842, discloses an invention concerns a software development tool for embedded computer systems, and is based on a repository of configurable, pre-programmed software components, together with associated tools for user selection and configuration of the components and a code generator

for extracting relevant source code based on the configuration settings. Each software component, called embedded system infrastructure component (ESIC), is a self-contained object comprising a modular code base and associated configuration structure related to an infrastructure function in a hardware-independent, non-operating-system software infrastructure for an embedded computer system. For each ESIC, the configuration tool enables user configuration of the infrastructure function based on the configuration structure of the ESIC to match the requirements of the target application.

Van Gennip et al., US Patent No. 7,313,785, discloses an invention provides a compiler and linker for analyzing the structures of complex data stored in memory when a print statement specified in source code refers to those complex data structures, and then generating executable code which will print the complex data when a data processing system executes the executable code.

Hayashi, US Patent No. 4,992,971, discloses a language translating and linking system for translating and linking into a load program a plurality of source programs which include a calling program, having a first number of calling parameters, and a called program, having a second number of called parameters, the calling parameters must correspond to the respective called parameters. For this purpose, a compiler generates first and second parameter information representative of the calling and the called parameters from the calling and the called programs, respectively. A compiling unit memorizes the first and the second parameter information as first and second memorized parameter information. A linker compares the first memorized parameter information with the second memorized parameter information to check whether or not the calling parameters correspond to the respective called parameters.

19. The following summarizes the status of the claims:

35 USC § 101 rejection: Claims 1-18

35 USC § 112 (2) rejection: Claims 6-12, 22

35 USC § 102 rejection: Claims 1-2, 5, 16-17, 19-21, 23-24, 27-28

35 USC § 103 rejection: Claims 3-4, 6-15, 18, 22, 25-26, 29-30

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chih-Ching Chow whose telephone number is 571-272-3693. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am - 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wei Zhen can be reached on 571-272-3708. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Any inquiry of a general nature of relating to the status of this application should be directed to the **TC2100 Group receptionist: 571-272-2100**.

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